### Engineering Design Workshop

for teachers and students

Quality Design Projects for Engineering Fairs Sponsored by Santa Clara Valley Science and Engineering Fair Association

#### Purpose

"...help teachers and students understand the engineering design process."

#### Outline

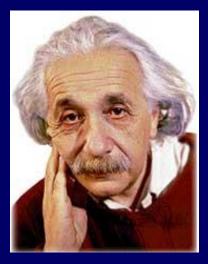
- Science Process vs. Engineering Design Process
- 7-Steps of the Engineering Design Process with Examples
- Pitfalls
- Summary

## Science and Engineering Processes

#### **Purpose and Nature**

- Science is the search for knowledge and understanding
- Engineering is the application of scientific principles to satisfy human needs

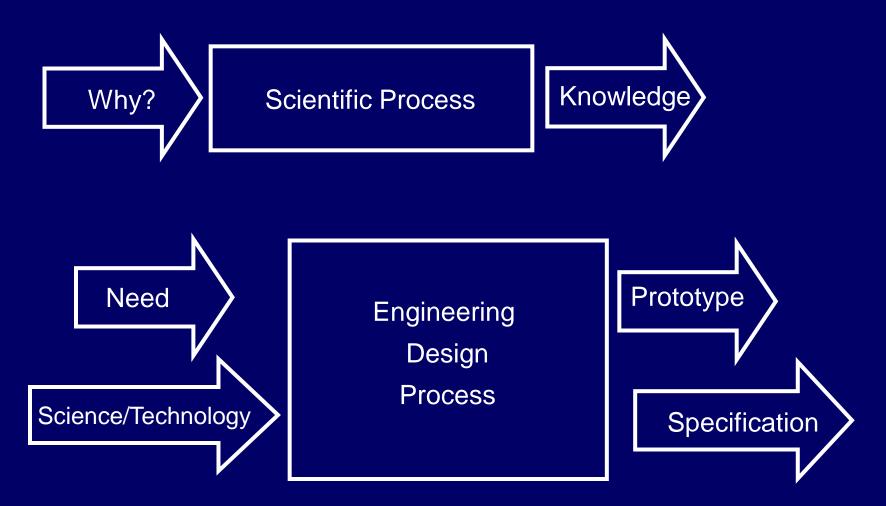
They are both creative problem solving methods!



#### SCIENCE & ENGINEERING



#### SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

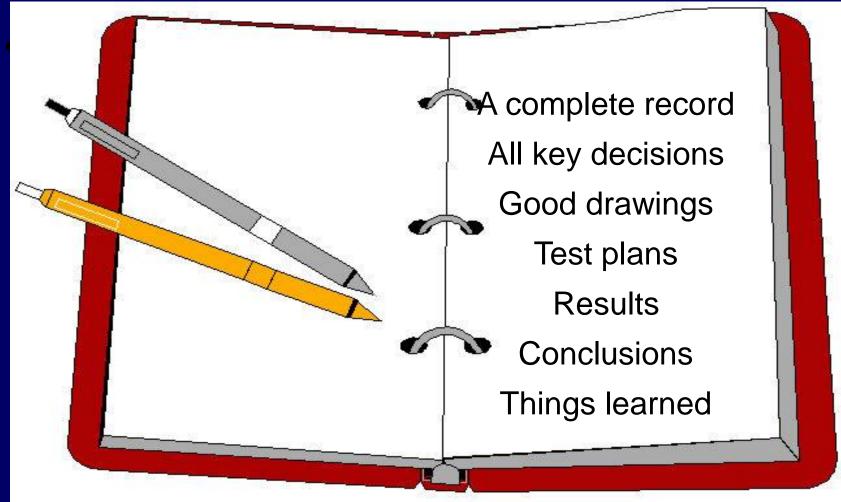


# The 7 Steps to the Engineering Design Process

### **Engineering Design Process**

- 1. Define a need
- 2. Establish criteria and constraints
- 3. Research, evaluate alternatives, test plan
- 4. Construct a prototype
- 5. Test against established criteria
- 6. Failure analysis, tweak, and re-test
- 7. Final documentation

#### Step #1 through #7 Generate a Project Book



### Step #1: DEFINE A NEED

- Have a need, a customer for the project
- Often stated as bigger (or smaller), cheaper, faster, lighter
- Engineering Goal template: *The design* and construction of a (engineering project) for (user) to do (some function).
- Project <u>MUST</u> have technical content

#### GENERATING ENGINEERING PROJECT IDEAS

- Student interests
- 'Cool' ideas or improvements
- ScienceBuddies.org 'Aptitude Test'

#### Helpful Links to Stimulate Project Ideas

- SCVSEFA website. Event dates and guidelines. Links to helpful sites. https://science-fair.org/
- Science Buddies Pick Your Topic. Like aptitude test.
  <a href="https://www.sciencebuddies.org/mentoring/project\_topic.shtml">https://www.sciencebuddies.org/mentoring/project\_topic.shtml</a>
- Classroom stories on many topics. Targeted for teachers. https://educate.intel.com/odyssey/teacher.aspx
- Science Club Kids' Science Projects. Simple, medium, and advanced science projects. Tweak to become an engineering project! <u>http://scienceclub.org/kidproj1.html</u>
- HowStuffWorks Science Channel. Good topics and research. http://science.howstuffworks.com/

#### Other Links to Stimulate Ideas

#### • Research sites:

- <u>https://www.asme.org</u> American Society of Mechanical Engineers
- <u>https://www.asce.org</u> American Society of Civil Engineers
- <u>https://www.ieee.org</u> Institute of Electronic and Electrical Engineers
- <u>https://www.engineering.com</u> Interesting engineering articles
- http://www.TryEngineering.org Background info about engineering
- http://www.TryNano.org Background info about nanotechnology

# The design and construction of a (project) for (user) to (function).

Project:solar powered scooterUser:childrenFunction:zip around the block

Technical Content:

solar energy, energy storage, motor torque, mechanical gear ratios, brake system

## ENGINEERING GOAL STATEMENT EXERCISE

## "The design and construction of a (*project*) for (*user*) to do (*function*)."

project	user	function
Hose powered hub cap cleaner	People who get cold feet	Communicate with Mandarin speakers
Electromagnetic padlock opened by a specific light sequence	English speaking tourists and businessmen	Automatically turn on when the feet cool down to a certain temperature.
BBQ temperature sensor	Homeowners	Know when their meat is cooked
Spoken English input to Mandarin text output translator	Car washers	Mow using cheap and easy lawn care
Automated lawn mower	Outdoor chefs	Lock valuables without carrying a key
Sock heater	Businessmen with a laser pointer	Clean small crevices in hub caps

#### Step #2: Criteria & Constraints

"Design criteria are requirements you specify for your design that will be used to make decisions about how to build the product"



Size Appearance Physical Features Performance Use Environment

#### Some Design Constraints

• Cost

• Time



Criteria & Constraints for Solar Powered Scooter

- 1. Transport up to 35 kg rider
- 2. Speed of at least 8 kph on level surfaces
- 3. Travels through 10 meters of shade
- 4. Material cost
- 5. Testing completed by Feb 28

### Step #3: List Alternatives

- Research reveals what has been done
- Likely to find good alternatives for cheapest, fastest, or lightest
- Create a test plan based on the design criteria from Step #2

#### Solar Powered Scooter Test Plan

1. Transport up to 35 kg rider Test Plan: Transport a 35kg load 2. Speed of at least 8 kph on level surfaces Test Plan: 100m distance should take less than 45 seconds 3. Travels through 10 meters of shade <u>Test Plan:</u> Charge up battery. With 35kg rider, ride through 10m of shade

#### Mail in Your Application

Attachments should include:

- the Engineering Goal Statement with the technical component
- the design criteria and constraints
- the basic test plan for the design criteria
- construction diagrams including electrical circuits
- bibliography

#### Minimum Quality Requirements

- Common application problems:
  - Lack of measurable criteria
    - 'fast' instead of '...velocity > 12km/hr...'
    - 'heavy' instead of '...mass of 44kg...'
    - 'high accuracy' instead of '...< 17 errors per 1000 samples...'
  - Inadequate bibliography

#### Step #4: Construct Prototype

 Prototype is implementation of chosen design alternative

It is a proof of design, production and suitability

#### Step #5: Test it Well

- Execute the developed Test Plan
- Learn beyond minimum requirements! Characterize the limits of your project.

### Solar Powered Scooter Testing

- 1. Transport 35 kg rider. <u>Exceeds Test</u> <u>Plan:</u> Maximum mass transported
- 2. Speed. *Exceeds Test Plan:* Measure and plot speed vs. rider mass.
- 3. Travels through shade. <u>Exceeds Test</u> <u>Plan:</u> Measure and plot distance in shade travel vs. rider mass.
- Extra Knowledge: solar energy, storing energy, electric motor torque, gears

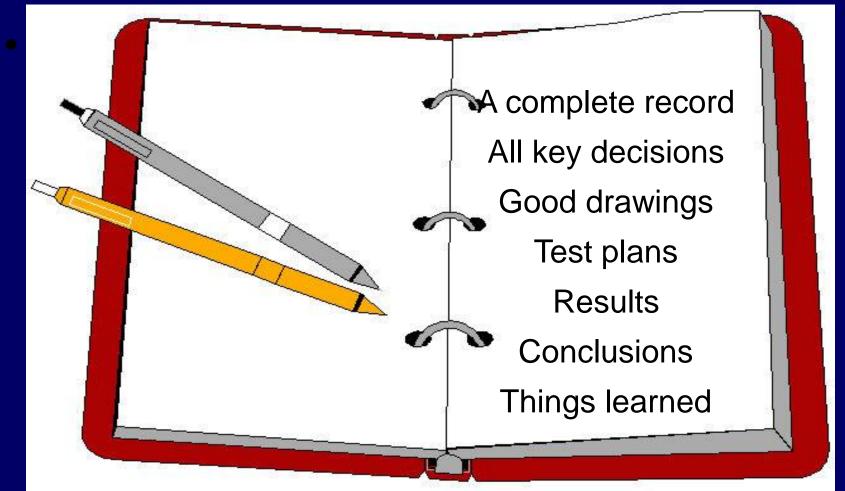
#### Step #6: Failure Analysis and Tweak/Redesign Iterations

- Evaluate the test results. Do they satisfy design criteria?
- If not, can you tweak the process as opposed to a complete redesign?
- In reality, "Fail early, fail often!"
- This is the longest step....

#### Failure Analysis and Tweak/Redesign Examples

- Solar scooter cannot move 35kg ....
- Get a higher torque motor, increase gear ratio, reduce scooter weight
- Scooter speed only reaches 5kph...
- Get a motor with higher RPM, decrease the gear ratio, reduce scooter weight

#### Step #7: Complete the Project Book (Started at project definition)



#### **Avoid These Pitfalls**



No need, no end product Been done! Analysis as a product Ah ha!, gadgetry, kits Testing without asking the user

Demonstrations (see next...)

Demonstration projects revolve around 'How works.' A common demonstration is the Magnetic Levitated Train.

If faced with this.... determine the interest

- If magnetic fields: induced electrical currents, earth's magnetic field, ...
- If transportation: safety equipment improvements (helmets, seat belts...)

## Summary

#### **Design Features**

- 1. Meets a need, has a "customer"
- 2. Design criteria and constraints
- 3. Evaluate alternatives and generate test plan
- 4. Build prototype
- 5. Test/evaluate against test plans
- 6. Analyze, "tweak" (<sup>©</sup>), redesign (<sup>®</sup>), retest
- Project book: record, analyses, decisions, specs

### Best of Luck

Engineering is exciting! Use creative problem solving! Ignite your students' passion!